
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-32559

MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

MARYLAND
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

20-0191742
(I. R. S. Employer
Identification No.)

**1000 URBAN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 501
BIRMINGHAM, AL**
(Address of principal executive offices)

35242
(Zip Code)

REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: (205) 969-3755

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of August 9, 2011, the registrant had 111,706,320 shares of common stock, par value \$.001, outstanding.

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**MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC.
QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010 (Note 2)
Assets		
Real estate assets		
Land, buildings and improvements, and intangible lease assets	\$1,227,251	\$ 1,032,369
Mortgage loans	165,000	165,000
Gross investment in real estate assets	1,392,251	1,197,369
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(92,343)	(76,094)
Net investment in real estate assets	1,299,908	1,121,275
Cash and cash equivalents	227,906	98,408
Interest and rent receivable	26,677	26,176
Straight-line rent receivable	32,983	28,912
Other loans	54,978	50,985
Other assets	36,268	23,058
Total Assets	<u>\$1,678,720</u>	<u>\$ 1,348,814</u>
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities		
Debt, net	\$ 718,309	\$ 369,970
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	46,377	35,974
Deferred revenue	20,847	23,137
Lease deposits and other obligations to tenants	24,485	20,157
Total liabilities	810,018	449,238
Equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value. Authorized 10,000 shares; no shares outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value. Authorized 150,000 shares; issued and outstanding — 110,571 shares at June 30, 2011, and 110,225 shares at December 31, 2010	111	110
Additional paid in capital	1,055,389	1,051,785
Distributions in excess of net income	(179,931)	(148,530)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(6,710)	(3,641)
Treasury shares, at cost	(262)	(262)
Total Medical Properties Trust, Inc. stockholders' equity	868,597	899,462
Non-controlling interests	105	114
Total equity	868,702	899,576
Total Liabilities and Equity	<u>\$1,678,720</u>	<u>\$ 1,348,814</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESCondensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues				
Rent billed	\$ 29,108	\$ 24,312	\$ 57,781	\$ 45,560
Straight-line rent	2,070	(218)	3,805	1,593
Interest and fee income	5,270	6,499	10,561	14,298
Total revenues	36,448	30,593	72,147	61,451
Expenses				
Real estate depreciation and amortization	8,355	5,766	16,248	11,891
Impairment charge	564	—	564	12,000
Property-related	256	927	317	1,456
General and administrative	7,818	8,579	14,693	14,684
Acquisition expenses	616	884	2,656	949
Total operating expenses	17,609	16,156	34,478	40,980
Operating income	18,839	14,437	37,669	20,471
Other income (expense)				
Interest income and other	21	29	6	13
Debt refinancing costs	(3,789)	(6,214)	(3,789)	(6,214)
Interest expense	(12,387)	(8,557)	(20,526)	(18,014)
Net other expense	(16,155)	(14,742)	(24,309)	(24,215)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	2,684	(305)	13,360	(3,744)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(1)	6,537	147	7,162
Net income	2,683	6,232	13,507	3,418
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(43)	(9)	(88)	(17)
Net income attributable to MPT common stockholders	\$ 2,640	\$ 6,223	\$ 13,419	\$ 3,401
Earnings per common share — basic and diluted				
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to MPT common stockholders	\$ 0.02	\$ —	\$ 0.12	\$ (0.05)
Income from discontinued operations attributable to MPT common stockholders	—	0.06	—	0.08
Net income attributable to MPT common stockholders	<u>\$ 0.02</u>	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.12</u>	<u>\$ 0.03</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	110,589	103,498	110,495	91,337
Diluted	110,600	103,498	110,504	91,337
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.40

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESCondensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2011	2010
Operating activities		
Net income	\$ 13,507	\$ 3,418
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	16,629	13,183
Straight-line rent revenue	(3,805)	(1,674)
Share-based compensation	3,661	3,884
Gain on sale of real estate	(5)	(6,162)
Impairment	564	12,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,299	(569)
Amortization and write-off of deferred financing costs and debt discount	5,572	3,962
Premium paid on extinguishment of debt	—	3,490
Other adjustments	(3,730)	(4,582)
Net cash provided by operating activities	39,692	26,950
Investing activities		
Real estate acquired	(173,486)	(73,851)
Principal received on loans receivable	1,469	45,882
Proceeds from sale of real estate	—	75,000
Investment in loans receivable and other investments	(5,462)	(8,393)
Construction in progress and other	(9,244)	(14,588)
Net cash (used for) provided by investing activities	(186,723)	24,050
Financing activities		
Revolving credit facilities, net	39,600	(137,200)
Additions to term debt	450,000	148,500
Payments of term debt	(157,736)	(204,096)
Distributions paid	(44,784)	(32,435)
Sale of common stock, net	—	288,470
Lease deposits and other obligations to tenants	4,328	1,144
Debt issuance costs paid and other financing activities	(14,879)	(9,053)
Net cash provided by financing activities	276,529	55,330
Increase in cash and cash equivalents for period	129,498	106,330
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	98,408	15,307
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 227,906	\$ 121,637
Interest paid	13,739	15,916
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing activities:		
Real estate acquired via assumption of mortgage loan	(14,592)	—
Supplemental schedule of non-cash financing activities:		
Distributions declared, unpaid	22,409	22,326
Assumption of mortgage loan (as part of real estate acquired)	14,592	—

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Organization

Medical Properties Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, was formed on August 27, 2003 under the General Corporation Law of Maryland for the purpose of engaging in the business of investing in, owning, and leasing commercial real estate. Our operating partnership subsidiary, MPT Operating Partnership, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"), through which we conduct all of our operations, was formed in September 2003. Through another wholly-owned subsidiary, Medical Properties Trust, LLC, we are the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. At present, we directly own substantially all of the limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership.

We have operated as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") since April 6, 2004, and accordingly, elected REIT status upon the filing in September 2005 of the calendar year 2004 federal income tax return. Accordingly, we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax, provided that we continue to qualify as a REIT and our distributions to our stockholders equal or exceed our taxable income. Certain activities we undertake must be conducted by entities which we elected to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS"). Our TRSs are subject to both federal and state income taxes.

Our primary business strategy is to acquire and develop real estate and improvements, primarily for long-term lease to providers of healthcare services such as operators of general acute care hospitals, inpatient physical rehabilitation hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals, surgery centers, centers for treatment of specific conditions such as cardiac, pulmonary, cancer, and neurological hospitals, and other healthcare-oriented facilities. We manage our business as a single business segment.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements: The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information, including rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2011. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2010 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

Exchangeable Senior Notes: In 2006 and 2008, we issued exchangeable senior notes that, based upon the occurrence of specified events, are exchangeable for cash up to their principal amount and our common shares for the remainder of the exchange value in excess, if any, of the principal amount. The initial proceeds from the issuance of the exchangeable senior notes are required to be allocated between a liability component and an equity component such that the interest expense on the exchangeable senior notes is not recorded at the stated rate of interest but rather at an effective rate that reflects our borrowing rate on conventional debt at the date of issuance. We calculate the liability component of the exchangeable senior notes based on the present value of the contractual cash flows discounted at a comparable market rate for conventional debt at the date of issuance. The difference between the principal amount and the fair value of the liability component is reported as a discount on the exchangeable senior notes that is accreted as additional interest expense from the issuance date through the contractual maturity date using the effective interest method. The liability component of the exchangeable senior notes is reported net of discounts on our consolidated balance sheets. We calculate the equity component of the exchangeable senior notes based on the difference between the initial proceeds received from the issuance of the exchangeable senior notes and the fair value of the liability component at the issuance date. The equity component is included in additional paid-in-capital, net of issuance costs, on our consolidated balance sheets. We allocate issuance costs for exchangeable senior notes between the liability and the equity components based on their relative values.

For further information about significant accounting policies, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

3. Real Estate and Lending Activities

Acquisitions

On January 4, 2011, we acquired the real estate of the 19-bed, 4-year old Gilbert Hospital in a suburb of Phoenix, Arizona area for \$17.1 million. Gilbert Hospital is operated by affiliates of Visionary Health, LLC, the same group that we expect will also operate the hospital that we are currently developing in Florence, Arizona. We acquired this asset subject to an existing lease that expires in May 2022.

On January 31, 2011, we acquired for \$23.5 million the real estate of the 60-bed Atrium Medical Center at Corinth in the Dallas area, a long-term acute care hospital that was completed in 2009 and is subject to a lease that expires in June 2024. In addition, through one of our affiliates, we invested \$1.3 million to acquire approximately 19% of a joint venture arrangement with an affiliate of Vibra Healthcare, LLC ("Vibra") that will manage and has acquired a 51% interest in the operations of the facility. We also made a \$5.2 million working capital loan to the joint venture. The former operators of the hospital, comprised primarily of local physicians, retained ownership of 49% of the operating entity.

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On February 4, 2011, we purchased for \$58 million the real estate of Bayonne Medical Center, a 6-story, 278-bed acute care hospital in the New Jersey area of metropolitan New York, and leased the facility to the operator under a 15-year lease, with six 5-year extension options. The operator is an affiliate of a private hospital operating company that acquired the hospital in 2008.

On February 9, 2011, we acquired the real estate of the 306-bed Alvarado Hospital in San Diego, California for \$70 million from Prime Healthcare Services, Inc. ("Prime"). Prime is the operator of the facility and will lease the facility under a 10-year lease that provides, under certain conditions for lease extensions.

On February 14, 2011, we completed the acquisition of the Northland LTACH Hospital located in Kansas City, a 35-bed hospital that opened in April 2008 and has a lease that expires in 2028. This hospital was part of a three property acquisition announced in December 2010 and is currently being operated by Kindred (formerly RehabCare). The purchase price of this hospital was \$19.5 million, which included the assumption of a \$16 million existing mortgage loan that matures in January 2018.

On June 17, 2010, we acquired three inpatient rehabilitation hospitals in Texas for an aggregate purchase price of \$74 million. The properties acquired had existing leases in place, which we assumed, that have initial terms expiring in 2033, provide for initial cash returns of 9.7% and periodic escalation of up to 1.67% on an annualized basis. Each lease may, subject to conditions, be renewed by the operator for two additional ten-year terms.

As part of these acquisitions, we purchased the following assets: (dollar amounts in thousands)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Land	\$ 16,151	\$ 6,264
Building	157,834	61,893
Intangible lease assets — subject to amortization (weighted average useful life of 13.3 years in 2011 and 23.1 years in 2010)	14,093	5,694
Total	<u>\$188,078</u>	<u>\$73,851</u>

From the respective acquisition dates, the five hospitals acquired in 2011 contributed \$5.3 million and \$8.5 million of revenue and \$3.4 million and \$5.4 million of income (excluding related acquisition expenses) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively. In addition, we incurred \$0.6 million and \$2.7 million of acquisition related costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, of which \$0.1 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, related to acquisitions consummated as of June 30, 2011.

From the respective acquisition dates, the three hospitals acquired in 2010 contributed \$0.3 million of revenue and \$0.3 million of income (excluding related acquisition expenses) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively.

The results of operations for each of the properties acquired are included in our consolidated results from the effective date of each acquisition. The following table sets forth certain unaudited pro forma consolidated financial data for 2011 and 2010, as if each acquisition was consummated on the same terms at the beginning of 2010. Supplemental pro forma earnings were adjusted to exclude \$0.1 million and \$1.7 million of acquisition-related costs on consummated deals incurred in the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, and \$0.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010. (dollar amounts in thousands except per share data).

	<u>For the Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>For the Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Total revenues	\$ 36,448	\$ 37,642	\$ 74,119	\$ 75,153
Net income attributable to MPT common stockholders	2,699	3,446	16,439	1,893
Net income per share attributable to MPT common stockholders – diluted	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.01

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Disposals

In April 2010, we sold the real estate of our Centinela Hospital, a 369-bed acute care medical center located in Inglewood, California, to Prime, for \$75 million resulting in a gain of approximately \$6 million. Due to this sale, operating results of our Inglewood facility have been included in discontinued operations for all prior periods.

Leasing Operations

At June 30, 2011, we had \$2.5 million of outstanding receivables, including \$1.5 million in billed rent, \$0.2 million of unbilled rent, \$0.7 million in a promissory note and \$0.1 million of other receivables due from the tenant of our Denham Springs facility in Louisiana. The operator has not made all payments required by the real estate lease agreement, and thus, the tenant is in default. During the second quarter of 2011, we evaluated alternative strategies for the recovery of our advances and accruals and at that time determined that the future cash flows of the current tenant and/or related collateral would, more likely than not, result in less than a full recovery of our receivables. As a result, we have fully reserved for all the receivables with the exception of the \$0.7 million promissory note that we expect is recoverable from existing collateral. In addition, a \$0.6 million impairment charge was booked against the real estate during the second quarter of 2011.

In June 2011, HealthSouth gave notice of their intent to renew our Fort Lauderdale property for five years, making the lease now set to expire on November 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2011, we have two properties in which the operator is leasing on a month-to-month basis as the fixed term of the leases have expired. If the tenants acquire the real estate, we currently expect to, at least, recover our net book value in the properties.

As of June 30, 2011, we have advanced approximately \$28 million to the operator/lessee of Monroe Hospital in Bloomington, Indiana pursuant to a working capital loan agreement, with no additional advances in the first half of 2011. However, we do expect to make additional advances (approximately \$0.5 million advanced through August 2, 2011) related to an ongoing project at Monroe designed to increase revenue at the facility. In addition, as of June 30, 2011, we have \$13.6 million of rent, interest and other charges owed to us by the operator, of which \$5.5 million of interest receivables are significantly more than 90 days past due. Because the operator has not made all payments required by the working capital loan agreement and the related real estate lease agreement, we consider the loan to be impaired. During the first quarter of 2010, we evaluated alternative strategies for the recovery of our advances and accruals and at that time determined that the future cash flows of the current tenant or related collateral would, more likely than not, result in less than a full recovery of our loan advances. Accordingly, we recorded a \$12 million charge in the 2010 first quarter to recognize the estimated impairment of the working capital loan. During the third quarter of 2010, we determined that it was reasonably likely that the existing tenant would be unable to make certain lease payments that become due in future years. Accordingly, we recorded a valuation allowance for unbilled straight-line rent in the amount of \$2.5 million. At June 30, 2011, our net investment (exclusive of the related real estate) of \$29.8 million is our maximum exposure to Monroe and the amount is deemed collectible/recoverable. In making this determination, we considered our first priority secured interest in approximately (i) \$5 million in hospital patient receivables, (ii) cash balances of approximately \$4 million, and (iii) 100% of the membership interests of the operator/lessee and our assessment of the realizable value of our other collateral.

We continue to evaluate possible strategies for the Monroe hospital. We have entered into a forbearance agreement with the operator whereby we have generally agreed, under certain conditions, not to fully exercise our rights and remedies under the lease and loan agreements during limited periods. We have not committed to the adoption of a plan to transition ownership or management of the Monroe hospital to any new operator, and there is no assurance that any such plan will be completed. Moreover, there is no assurance that any plan that we ultimately pursue will not result in additional charges for further impairment of our working capital loan. We have not recognized any interest income on the Monroe loan since it was considered impaired in the 2010 first quarter.

In March 2010, we re-leased our Covington facility, located in Covington, Louisiana. The lease has a fixed term of 15 years with an option, at the lessee's discretion, to extend the term for three additional periods of five years each. Under the terms of the lease, rent during 2010 was based on an annual rate of \$1.4 million, and on January 1, 2011, rent began increasing annually by 2%. At the end of each term, the tenant has the right to purchase the facility at a price generally equivalent to the greater of our undepreciated cost and fair market value. Separately, we also obtained an interest in the operations of the tenant whereby we may receive additional consideration based on the profitability of such operations.

In the 2010 second quarter, Prime paid us \$12 million in additional rent related to our Shasta property, and we terminated our agreements with Prime concerning the additional rent, which could have paid us up to \$20 million over the 10 year lease life. Of this \$12 million in additional rent, \$3.2 million has been recognized in income from lease inception through June 30, 2011, and we expect to recognize the other \$8.8 million into income over the remainder of the lease life.

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For the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, revenue from affiliates of Prime (including rent and interest from loans) accounted for 32.0% and 33.8%, respectively, of total revenue. For the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, revenue from Vibra (including rent and interest from working capital loans) accounted for 12.8% and 14.2%, respectively, of total revenue.

For the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, revenue from affiliates of Prime (including rent and interest from loans) accounted for 31.2% and 34.6%, respectively, of total revenue. For the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, revenue from Vibra (including rent and interest from working capital loans) accounted for 12.6% and 14.0%, respectively, of total revenue.

Loans

In April 2010, Prime repaid \$40 million in other loans plus accrued interest.

4. Debt

The following is a summary of debt, net of discounts (dollar amounts in thousands):

	As of June 30, 2011		As of December 31, 2010	
	Balance	Interest Rate	Balance	Interest Rate
Revolving credit facilities	\$ 39,600	Variable	\$ —	Variable
2006 senior unsecured notes — fixed rate through July and October 2011 due July and October 2016	125,000	7.333% — 7.871%	125,000	7.333% — 7.871%
2011 senior unsecured notes	450,000	6.875%	—	
Exchangeable senior notes:				
Principal amount	91,175	6.125% — 9.250%	91,175	6.125% — 9.250%
Unamortized discount	(2,006)		(2,585)	
	89,169		88,590	
Term loans:				
Principal amount	14,540	6.200%	157,683	Various
Unamortized discount	—		(1,303)	
	14,540		156,380	
	<u>\$718,309</u>		<u>\$369,970</u>	

As of June 30, 2011, principal payments due for our debt (which exclude the effects of any discounts recorded) are as follows:

2011	\$ 9,285
2012	39,832
2013	82,249
2014	266
2015	283
Thereafter	588,400
Total	<u>\$720,315</u>

To fund the acquisitions disclosed in Note 3, we used cash on-hand, borrowed \$98.4 million on our revolving credit facilities, and assumed a \$16 million mortgage loan. This mortgage loan requires monthly principal and interest payments based on a 30-year amortization period. The mortgage loan has a fixed rate at 6.2%, matures on January 1, 2018 and can be prepaid after January 1, 2013, subject to a certain prepayment premium.

In April 2011, our Operating Partnership and a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Operating Partnership closed on a private offering of \$450 million unsecured senior notes. These notes mature in 2021 and the interest rate is fixed at 6.875% per year. Contemporaneously with the closing of the notes, we repaid and terminated our \$150 million term loan facility (which was part of the credit facility entered into in 2010) and our \$9 million collateralized term loan facility. In connection with the notes offering, we amended our existing credit agreement, which now provides for a \$330 million unsecured revolving credit facility that matures in October 2015. As part of this amendment, we also lowered our interest rate to (1) the higher of the “prime rate” or federal funds rate plus 0.5%, plus a spread initially set at 1.60%, but that is adjustable from 1.60% to 2.40% based on current total leverage, or (2) LIBOR plus a spread initially set at 2.60%, but that is adjustable from 2.60% to 3.40% based on current total leverage. We paid down in full this revolving credit facility’s outstanding balance with the proceeds from the notes offering.

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In connection with this refinancing, we recognized an approximate \$4 million charge in the second quarter primarily related to the write-off of previously deferred loan costs and discounts associated with the payoff of the term loan facilities noted above.

In April 2010, we completed a public offering of common stock (the "Offering") resulting in net proceeds, after underwriting discount and commissions, of approximately \$279 million. See Note 5 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 to this Form 10-Q for further information. We used the net proceeds from the Offering to repurchase 84% of the outstanding 6.125% exchangeable senior notes due 2011 at a price of 103% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (or \$123.2 million) pursuant to a cash tender offer. In addition, we paid off a \$30 million term loan. Finally, in May 2010, we closed on a \$450 million credit facility, and the proceeds of such along with the Offering were used to repay in full all outstanding obligations under the previous credit facility. These refinancing activities resulted in a charge of approximately \$6.2 million in the 2010 second quarter.

During the second quarter 2010, we entered into an interest rate swap to fix \$65 million of our \$125 million senior notes, starting July 31, 2011 (date on which the interest rate turns variable) through maturity date (or July 2016), at a rate of 5.507%. We also entered into an interest rate swap to fix \$60 million of our senior notes starting October 31, 2011 (date on which the related interest rate is scheduled to turn variable) through the maturity date (or October 2016) at a rate of 5.675%. At June 30, 2011, the fair value of the interest rate swaps is \$6.7 million, which is reflected in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

We account for our interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges. Accordingly, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of our swaps is recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income/loss on the balance sheet until the underlying debt matures while the ineffective portion is recorded through earnings. We estimate the fair value of interest rate swaps using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted fixed cash payments and the discounted expected variable cash receipts. The variable cash receipts are based on an expectation of interest rates derived from observable market interest rate curves. In addition, credit valuation adjustments are incorporated in the fair values to account for potential nonperformance risk, both our own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk. We did not have any hedge ineffectiveness in the periods; therefore, there was no income statement effect recorded during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 or 2010.

Our debt facilities impose certain restrictions on us, including restrictions on our ability to: incur debts; grant liens; provide guarantees in respect of obligations of any other entity; make redemptions and repurchases of our capital stock; prepay, redeem or repurchase debt; engage in mergers or consolidations; enter into affiliated transactions; dispose of real estate; and change our business. In addition, the agreements governing our debt facilities limit the amount of dividends we can pay to 95% of normalized adjusted funds from operations, as defined in the agreements, on a rolling four quarter basis starting for the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2012 and thereafter. Prior to March 31, 2012, a similar dividend restriction exists but at a higher percentage for transitional purposes. These agreements also contain provisions for the mandatory prepayment of outstanding borrowings under these facilities from the proceeds received from the sale of properties, except a portion may be reinvested subject to certain limitations, as defined in the credit facility agreement.

In addition to these restrictions, the amended credit facility contains customary financial and operating covenants, including covenants relating to our total leverage ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio, mortgage secured leverage ratio, recourse mortgage secured leverage ratio, consolidated adjusted net worth, facility leverage ratio, and borrowing base interest coverage ratio. This facility also contains customary events of default, including among others, nonpayment of principal or interest, material inaccuracy of representations and failure to comply with our covenants. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the facility, the entire outstanding balance may become immediately due and payable. At June 30, 2011, we were in compliance with all such financial and operating covenants.

5. Common Stock

In April 2010, we completed a public offering of 26 million shares of common stock at \$9.75 per share. Including the underwriters' purchase of 3.9 million additional shares to cover over allotments, net proceeds from the Offering, after underwriting discount and

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commissions, approximated \$279 million. We used the net proceeds from the Offering to fund the tender offer as discussed in Note 4 with any remaining proceeds to be used for general corporate purposes including funding the acquisition in June 2010.

During the first quarter of 2010, we sold 0.9 million shares of our common stock under our at-the-market equity offering program, at an average price of \$10.77 per share, for total proceeds, net of a 2% sales commission, of \$9.5 million.

6. Stock Awards

Our Second Amended and Restated Medical Properties Trust, Inc. 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Equity Incentive Plan") authorizes the issuance of common stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, deferred stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance units and awards of interests in our Operating Partnership. The Equity Incentive Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. We have reserved 7,441,180 shares of common stock for awards under the Equity Incentive Plan for which 2,723,674 shares remain available for future stock awards as of June 30, 2011. We awarded 269,085 and 277,680 shares in 2011 and 2010, respectively, of time-based restricted stock to management, independent directors, and certain employees. These awards vest quarterly based on service, over three years, in equal amounts. In addition, our management team and certain employees (2011 only) were awarded 229,938 and 182,600 performance based awards in 2011 and 2010, respectively. These awards vest ratably over a three year period based on the achievement of certain performance measures, with a carry-back and carryforward provision through December 31, 2014 (for the 2010 awards) and December 31, 2015 (for the 2011 awards). Dividends on these awards are paid only upon achievement of the performance measures. In addition, we awarded 500,000 shares in the first quarter of 2011 of multi-year performance-based awards to management. These shares are subject to three-year cumulative performance hurdles based on total shareholder return. At the end of the three-year performance period, any earned shares will be subject to an additional two years of ratable time-based vesting on an annual basis. Dividends are paid on these shares only upon achievement of the performance measures.

7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We have various assets and liabilities that are considered financial instruments. We estimate that the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their fair values. Included in our accounts payable and accrued expenses are our interest rate swaps, which are recorded at fair value based on Level 2 observable market assumptions using standardized derivative pricing models. We estimate the fair value of our loans, interest, and other receivables by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the current rates at which similar receivables would be made to others with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities. We determine the fair value of our exchangeable notes based on quotes from securities dealers and market makers. We estimate the fair value of our senior notes, revolving credit facilities, and term loans based on the present value of future payments, discounted at a rate which we consider appropriate for such debt.

The following table summarizes fair value information for our financial instruments (dollar amounts in thousands):

<u>Asset (Liability)</u>	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2011</u>		<u>December 31,</u> <u>2010</u>	
	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Interest and rent receivables	\$ 26,677	\$ 20,685	\$ 26,176	\$ 20,265
Loans	219,978	215,249	215,985	209,126
Debt, net	(718,309)	(700,753)	(369,970)	(359,910)

8. Discontinued Operations

In December 2010, we sold the real estate of our Montclair Hospital, an acute care medical center, to Prime for proceeds of \$20.0 million. We realized a gain on the sale of \$2.2 million.

In October 2010, we sold the real estate of our Sharpstown hospital in Houston, Texas to a third party for proceeds of \$3.0 million resulting in a gain of \$0.7 million.

In April 2010, we sold the real estate of our Centinela Hospital, a 369-bed acute care medical center located in Inglewood, California, to Prime for \$75 million resulting in a gain of approximately \$6 million.

The following table presents the results of discontinued operations, which include the revenue and expenses of the three previously-owned facilities noted above, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (dollar amounts in thousands except per share amounts):

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	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues	\$—	\$1,177	\$—	\$ 3,692
Gain on sale	—	6,162	5	6,178
Income (loss)	(1)	6,537	147	7,162
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$—	\$ 0.06	\$—	\$ 0.08

9. Earnings Per Share

Our earnings per share were calculated based on the following (amounts in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Numerator:		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 2,684	\$ (305)
Non-controlling interests' share in continuing operations	(43)	(9)
Participating securities' share in earnings	(281)	(328)
Income (loss) from continuing operations, less participating securities' share in earnings	2,360	(642)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to MPT common stockholders	(1)	6,537
Net income, less participating securities' share in earnings	<u>\$ 2,359</u>	<u>\$ 5,895</u>
Denominator		
Basic weighted-average common shares	110,589	103,498
Dilutive share options	11	—
Dilutive weighted-average common shares	<u>110,600</u>	<u>103,498</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Numerator:		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 13,360	\$ (3,744)
Non-controlling interests' share in continuing operations	(88)	(17)
Participating securities' share in earnings	(597)	(679)
Income (loss) from continuing operations, less participating securities' share in earnings	12,675	(4,440)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to MPT common stockholders	147	7,162
Net income, less participating securities' share in earnings	<u>\$ 12,822</u>	<u>\$ 2,722</u>
Denominator		
Basic weighted-average common shares	110,495	91,337
Dilutive share options	9	—
Dilutive weighted-average common shares	<u>110,504</u>	<u>91,337</u>

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, 0.1 million of options were excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation as they were not determined to be dilutive. Shares that may be issued in the future in accordance with our exchangeable senior notes were excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation as they were not determined to be dilutive.

10. Contingencies

We are a party to various legal proceedings incidental to our business. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, the ultimate liability, if any, with respect to those proceedings is not presently expected to materially affect our financial

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position, results of operations or cash flows.

11. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table provides a summary of comprehensive income (loss) for the applicable periods (in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 2,683	\$ 6,232
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap	(3,586)	(3,160)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	(903)	3,072
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(43)	(9)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MPT common stockholders	<u>\$ (946)</u>	<u>\$ 3,063</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Net income	\$13,507	\$ 3,418
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap	(3,069)	(3,160)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	10,438	258
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(88)	(17)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MPT common stockholders	<u>\$10,350</u>	<u>\$ 241</u>

12. Subsequent Events

In July 2011, we used proceeds from our \$450 million senior unsecured notes offering to repurchase 85% of the outstanding 9.25% exchangeable senior notes due 2013 at a price of 118.5% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (or \$84.2 million) pursuant to a cash tender offer. We will recognize a charge in the 2011 third quarter of approximately \$10 million related to the retirement of these exchangeable notes.

In July 2011, we acquired the real estate of the 40-bed Vibra Specialty Hospital of DeSoto in Desoto, Texas for \$13.0 million. Vibra Specialty Hospital of DeSoto is a long-term acute care hospital that will be leased to a subsidiary of Vibra for a fixed term of 15 years with options to extend. In addition, we have made a \$2.5 million equity investment in the operator of this facility.

13. Income Taxes

With the early prepayment of working capital loans by Prime and the impairment of the Monroe loan in 2010 as more fully described in Note 3, we did not believe that one of our taxable REIT subsidiaries would generate enough taxable income to use the federal and state net operating losses within the carryforward period specified by law. Therefore, in the 2010 second quarter, we fully reserved for the \$1.5 million deferred tax asset, of which \$1.2 million relates to discontinued operations. We continue to monitor this valuation allowance and if circumstances change (such as new loans or other transactions), we will adjust this valuation allowance accordingly.

14. Executive Severance

On June 11, 2010, we announced the resignation of our general counsel effective June 15, 2010. Pursuant to the terms of his separation agreement, we accelerated the vesting of certain previously awarded shares of restricted stock resulting in additional stock compensation expense of \$0.9 million. In addition, we agreed to pay him a one time cash payment of \$1.9 million on December 16, 2010. This total severance of \$2.8 million is included in general and administrative expense for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of the consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operations should be read together with the condensed consolidated financial statements of Medical Properties Trust, Inc. and notes thereto contained in this

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Form 10-Q and the financial statements and notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K (as amended) for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Forward-Looking Statements.

This report on Form 10-Q contains certain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results or future performance, achievements or transactions or events to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such factors include, among others, the following:

- national and local economic, business, real estate and other market conditions;
- the competitive environment in which we operate;
- the execution of our business plan;
- financing risks;
- acquisition and development risks;
- potential environmental contingencies and other liabilities;
- other factors affecting real estate industry generally or the healthcare real estate industry in particular;
- our ability to maintain our status as a REIT for federal and state income tax purposes;
- our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel;
- federal and state healthcare regulatory requirements; and
- the continuing impact of the recent economic recession, which may have a negative effect on the following, among other things:
 - the financial condition of our tenants, our lenders, counterparties to our capped call transactions and institutions that hold our cash balances, which may expose us to increased risks of default by these parties;
 - our ability to obtain debt financing on attractive terms or at all, which may adversely impact our ability to pursue acquisition and development opportunities and our future interest expense; and
 - the value of our real estate assets, which may limit our ability to dispose of assets at attractive prices or obtain or maintain debt financing secured by our properties or on an unsecured basis.

Key Factors that May Affect Our Operations

Our revenues are derived primarily from rents we earn pursuant to the lease agreements with our tenants and from interest income from loans to our tenants and other facility owners. Our tenants operate in the healthcare industry, generally providing medical, surgical and rehabilitative care to patients. The capacity of our tenants to pay our rents and interest is dependent upon their ability to conduct their operations at profitable levels. We believe that the business environment of the industry segments in which our tenants operate is generally positive for efficient operators. However, our tenants’ operations are subject to economic, regulatory and market conditions that may affect their profitability. Accordingly, we monitor certain key factors, changes to which we believe may provide early indications of conditions that may affect the level of risk in our lease and loan portfolio.

Key factors that we consider in underwriting prospective tenants and borrowers and in monitoring the performance of existing tenants and borrowers include the following:

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- the historical and prospective operating margins (measured by a tenant's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and facility rent) of each tenant or borrower and at each facility;
- the ratio of our tenants' and borrowers' operating earnings both to facility rent and to facility rent plus other fixed costs, including debt costs;
- trends in the source of our tenants' or borrowers' revenue, including the relative mix of Medicare, Medicaid/MediCal, managed care, commercial insurance, and private pay patients; and
- the effect of evolving healthcare regulations on our tenants' and borrowers' profitability.

Certain business factors, in addition to those described above that directly affect our tenants and borrowers, will likely materially influence our future results of operations. These factors include:

- trends in the cost and availability of capital, including market interest rates, that our prospective tenants may use for their real estate assets instead of financing their real estate assets through lease structures;
- changes in healthcare regulations that may limit the opportunities for physicians to participate in the ownership of healthcare providers and healthcare real estate;
- reductions in reimbursements from Medicare, state healthcare programs, and commercial insurance providers that may reduce our tenants' profitability and our lease rates;
- competition from other financing sources; and
- the ability of our tenants and borrowers to access funds in the credit markets.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Refer to our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for a discussion of our critical accounting policies, which include revenue recognition, investment in real estate, purchase price allocation, loans, losses from rent receivables, stock-based compensation, and our accounting policy on consolidation. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, there were no material changes to these policies.

Overview

We were incorporated under Maryland law on August 27, 2003 primarily for the purpose of investing in and owning net-leased healthcare facilities across the United States. We have operated as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") since April 6, 2004, and accordingly, elected REIT status upon the filing in September 2005 of our calendar year 2004 federal income tax return. We acquire and develop healthcare facilities and lease the facilities to healthcare operating companies under long-term net leases. We also make mortgage loans to healthcare operators collateralized by their real estate assets. In addition, we selectively make loans to certain of our operators through our taxable REIT subsidiaries, the proceeds of which are used for acquisitions and working capital. Finally, from time to time, we acquire a profits interest in our tenants that gives us a limited right to share in the tenant's positive cash flow.

At June 30, 2011, our portfolio consisted of 58 properties: 54 facilities (of the 56 facilities that we own, of which two are subject to long-term ground leases) are leased to 19 tenants, one is presently not under lease as it is under re-development, one is under development, and the remaining assets are in the form of first mortgage loans to a single operator. Our owned and ground leased facilities consisted of 22 general acute care hospitals, 17 long-term acute care hospitals, nine inpatient rehabilitation hospitals, two medical office buildings, and six wellness centers. The non-owned facilities on which we have made mortgage loans consisted of general acute care facilities.

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All of our investments are currently located in the United States. The following is our revenue by operating type (dollar amounts in thousands):

Revenue by property type:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011	% of Total	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	% of Total
General Acute Care Hospitals	\$ 23,134	63.5%	\$ 20,410	66.7%
Long-term Acute Care Hospitals	8,032	22.0%	6,643	21.7%
Rehabilitation Hospitals	4,434	12.2%	2,776	9.1%
Medical Office Buildings	433	1.2%	426	1.4%
Wellness Centers	415	1.1%	338	1.1%
Total revenue	<u>\$ 36,448</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ 30,593</u>	100.0%

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	% of Total	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	% of Total
General Acute Care Hospitals	\$ 44,237	61.3%	\$ 41,212	67.1%
Long-term Acute Care Hospitals	17,057	23.6%	13,128	21.3%
Rehabilitation Hospitals	9,157	12.7%	5,583	9.1%
Medical Office Buildings	865	1.2%	853	1.4%
Wellness Centers	831	1.2%	675	1.1%
Total revenue	<u>\$ 72,147</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ 61,451</u>	100.0%

We have 29 employees as of August 1, 2011. We believe that any increase in the number of our employees will have only immaterial effects on our operations and general and administrative expenses. We believe that our relations with our employees are good. None of our employees are members of any union.

Results of Operations

Three months Ended June 30, 2011 Compared to June 30, 2010

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was \$2.6 million, compared to \$6.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010. Funds from operations, ("FFO"), after adjusting for certain items (as more fully described in Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures), was \$17.5 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share for the 2011 second quarter as compared to \$15.8 million, or \$0.15 per diluted share for the 2010 second quarter.

A comparison of revenues for the three month period ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, is as follows, as adjusted in 2010 for discontinued operations (dollar amounts in thousands):

	2011	% of Total	2010	% of Total	Year over Year Change
Base rents	\$28,257	77.5%	\$23,226	76.0%	21.7%
Straight-line rents	2,070	5.7%	(218)	-0.7%	1049.5%
Percentage rents	851	2.3%	1,086	3.5%	-21.6%
Fee income	37	0.1%	131	0.4%	-71.8%
Interest from loans	5,233	14.4%	6,368	20.8%	-17.8%
Total revenue	<u>\$36,448</u>	100.0%	<u>\$30,593</u>	100.0%	19.1%

Base rents for the 2011 second quarter increased 21.7% versus the prior year as a result of the additional rent generated from annual escalation provisions in our leases, and incremental revenue from the properties acquired in 2010 and 2011. This more than offset the \$1.5 million adjustment to reserve for outstanding receivables on our Denham Springs facility. In 2010, we reclassified \$1.7 million of straight-line rent to base rent upon the payment of \$12 million by Prime pursuant to the additional rent provisions of the lease on the Shasta property. Interest from loans is lower than the prior year due to the repayment of \$82 million in loans in 2010.

Real estate depreciation and amortization during the second quarter of 2011 increased to \$8.4 million from \$5.8 million in 2010, due to the incremental depreciation from the properties acquired since June 2010.

Property-related expenses in the second quarter of 2011 decreased from \$0.9 million in 2010 to \$0.3 million in 2011 due to the utility

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costs, repair and maintenance expense, legal, and property taxes associated with vacant facilities in 2010. No similar costs were incurred in 2011 as all of our facilities are currently fully operating with the exception of two facilities that are under development.

In the 2011 second quarter, we recognized a \$0.6 million real estate impairment charge related to our Denham Springs facility.

Acquisition expenses decreased slightly from \$0.9 million in the second quarter of 2010 to \$0.6 million in 2011.

General and administrative expenses decreased from \$8.6 million in 2010 as compared to \$7.8 million in 2011. This decrease is the result of the \$2.8 million charge recorded in the 2010 second quarter as a result of the resignation of an executive officer, partially offset by higher travel expenses in 2011.

Interest and other expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 totaled \$16.2 million and \$14.7 million, respectively. This increase is primarily related to higher debt balances associated with our new senior unsecured notes, partially offset by higher debt refinancing costs in 2010 of \$6.2 million versus \$3.8 million in 2011.

In addition to the items noted above, net income (loss) for the second quarter in both years was impacted by discontinued operations. See Note 8 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - in Item 1 to this Form 10-Q for further information.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 Compared to June 30, 2010

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2011, was \$13.4 million compared to net income of \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. FFO, after adjusting for certain items (as more fully described in Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures), was \$37.9 million, or \$0.34 per diluted share for the first six months in 2011 as compared to \$31.5 million, or \$0.35 per diluted share for 2010.

A comparison of revenues for the six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, is as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Year over Year Change</u>
Base rents	\$56,113	77.8%	\$43,946	71.5%	27.7%
Straight-line rents	3,805	5.2%	1,593	2.6%	138.8%
Percentage rents	1,668	2.3%	1,614	2.6%	3.3%
Fee income	111	0.2%	237	0.4%	-53.2%
Interest from loans	10,450	14.5%	14,061	22.9%	-25.7%
Total revenue	<u>\$72,147</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$61,451</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	17.4%

Base rents for the 2011 first and second quarters increased 27.7% versus the prior year as a result of the additional rent generated from annual escalation provisions in our leases, and incremental revenue from the properties acquired in 2010 and in the first quarter of 2011. This more than offset the \$1.5 million adjustment to reserve for outstanding receivables on our Denham Springs facility. Interest from loans is lower than the prior year due to the repayment of \$82 million in loans in 2010.

Straight line rent for the 2011 first and second quarters increased 138.8% versus the prior year due to approximately \$1.7 million of unbilled rent being reclassified to billed rent in the second quarter of 2010, partially offset by the \$0.2 million write-off/reserve of straight-line rent receivables associated with the Denham Springs facility in the second quarter 2011.

Real estate depreciation and amortization during the first half of 2011 was \$16.2 million, compared to \$11.9 million during the same period of 2010, a 36.1% increase, due to the incremental depreciation from the properties acquired since June 2010.

Property-related expenses during the first six months decreased from \$1.5 million in 2010 to \$0.3 million in 2011 due to the utility costs, repair and maintenance expense, legal, and property taxes associated with vacant facilities in 2010. No similar costs were incurred in 2011 as all of our facilities are currently fully operating with the exception of two facilities that are under development.

In the 2011 second quarter, we recognized a \$0.6 million real estate impairment charge related to our Denham Springs facility. In the 2010 first quarter, we recognized a \$12 million loan impairment charge related to our Monroe facility.

General and administrative expenses in the first two quarters of 2011 and 2010 totaled \$14.7 million and \$14.7 million, respectively. We incurred higher travel costs and office expenses in 2011, which was offset by a \$2.8 million charge recognized during the second quarter of 2010 as a result of the resignation of an executive officer.

Acquisition expenses increased from \$0.9 million in the first half of 2010 to \$2.7 million in the same period in 2011 due to increased acquisition activity and consummated deals.

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Interest and other expense for the first half of 2011 and 2010 totaled \$24.3 million and \$24.2 million, respectively. In 2011, we recorded a charge of \$3.8 million related to our debt refinancing activities, while in 2010, we recorded a charge of \$6.2 million for other refinancing activities. Excluding the debt refinancing charges, interest increased 13.9% for the first six months of 2011 due to an increase in debt from the \$450 million senior unsecured notes that we entered into in April 2011.

In addition to the items noted above, net income for the six month periods was impacted by discontinued operations. See Note 8 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 to this Form 10-Q for further information.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Investors and analysts following the real estate industry utilize funds from operations, or FFO, as a supplemental performance measure. While we believe net income available to common stockholders, as defined by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), is the most appropriate measure, our management considers FFO an appropriate supplemental measure given its wide use by and relevance to investors and analysts. FFO, reflecting the assumption that real estate asset values rise or fall with market conditions, principally adjusts for the effects of GAAP depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, which assumes that the value of real estate diminishes predictably over time.

As defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or NAREIT, FFO represents net income (loss) (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (losses) on sales of real estate, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. We compute FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition. FFO should not be viewed as a substitute measure of our operating performance since it does not reflect either depreciation and amortization costs or the level of capital expenditures and leasing costs necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, which are significant economic costs that could materially impact our results of operations.

The following table presents a reconciliation of FFO to net income attributable to MPT common stockholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (\$ amounts in thousands except per share data):

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
FFO information:				
Net income attributable to MPT common stockholders	\$ 2,640	\$ 6,223	\$ 13,419	\$ 3,401
Participating securities' share in earnings	(281)	(328)	(597)	(679)
Net income, less participating securities' share in earnings	\$ 2,359	\$ 5,895	\$ 12,822	\$ 2,722
Depreciation and amortization				
Continuing operations	8,355	5,766	16,248	11,891
Discontinued operations	—	331	—	1,086
Loss (gain) on sale of real estate	—	(6,162)	(5)	(6,178)
Funds from operations	\$ 10,714	\$ 5,830	\$ 29,065	\$ 9,521
Acquisition costs	616	885	2,656	949
Debt refinancing costs	3,789	6,214	3,789	6,214
Executive severance	—	2,830	—	2,830
Real estate impairment charge	564	—	564	—
Loan impairment charge	—	—	—	12,000
Write-off of other receivables	1,846	—	1,846	—
Normalized funds from operations	\$ 17,529	\$ 15,759	\$ 37,920	\$ 31,514
Per diluted share data:				
Net income, less participating securities' share in earnings	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.03
Depreciation and amortization				
Continuing operations	0.08	0.06	0.14	0.13
Discontinued operations	—	—	—	0.01
Loss (gain) on sale of real estate	—	(0.06)	—	(0.07)
Funds from operations	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.10
Acquisition costs	0.01	—	0.03	0.01
Debt refinancing costs	0.03	0.06	0.03	0.07
Executive severance	—	0.03	—	0.03
Real estate impairment charge	—	—	—	—
Loan impairment charge	—	—	—	0.14
Write-off of other receivables	0.02	—	0.02	—
Normalized funds from operations	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.35

Disclosure of Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes known material contractual obligations related to our debt as of June 30, 2011, adjusted for the tender offer made in July 2011 on our 2008 exchangeable senior notes (amounts in thousands):

Contractual Obligations	Less Than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	After 5 Years	Total
2006 senior unsecured notes (1)	\$ 4,429	\$ 13,969	\$ 13,969	\$ 131,063	\$ 163,430
Exchangeable senior notes	10,034	13,935	—	—	23,969
2011 senior unsecured notes	15,813	61,875	61,875	625,656	765,219
Revolving credit facilities (2)	1,166	43,230	3,025	—	47,421
Term loans	567	2,270	2,269	15,119	20,225
Totals	\$ 32,009	\$ 135,279	\$ 81,138	\$ 771,838	\$ 1,020,264

(1) We entered into interest rate swaps to fix \$65 million of our \$125 million senior notes, starting on July 31, 2011 through maturity date (or July 2016), at a

rate of 5.507%. We also entered into an interest rate swap to fix \$60 million of our senior notes starting October 31, 2011 through the maturity date (or October 2016) at a rate of 5.675%. See note 4 of Item 1 to this Form 10-Q for more information.

- (2) Reflects outstanding amounts on our revolving credit facilities and unused credit facility fees on our \$330 million revolving credit facility as this assumes balance in effect at June 30, 2011 (\$39.6 million as of June 30, 2011) remains in effect through maturity.

There have been no material changes to other components of our contractual obligations as presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the first half of 2011, operating cash flows, which primarily consisted of rent and interest from mortgage and working capital loans, approximated \$39.7 million, which, along with cash on-hand and draws on our revolvers, were principally used to fund our dividends of \$44.8 million and investing activities of \$186.7 million.

In April 2011, our Operating Partnership and a wholly owned subsidiary of our Operating Partnership closed on a private offering of \$450 million unsecured senior notes. These notes mature in 2021 and the interest rate is fixed at 6.875% per year. Contemporaneously with the closing of the notes, we repaid and terminated our \$150 million term loan facility and our \$9 million collateralized term loan facility. In connection with the notes offering, we amended our existing credit agreement, which now provides for a \$330 million unsecured revolving credit facility that matures in October 2015. We paid down in full this revolving credit facility's outstanding balance with the proceeds from the notes offering. We will use the remaining proceeds from the offering (approximately \$210 million) for general business purposes, which we expect will include investment opportunities and debt reduction (such as the cash tender offer on 85% of the 2008 exchangeable notes made in July 2011).

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, operating cash flows, which primarily consisted of rent and interest from mortgage and working capital loans, were \$27.0 million, which, along with cash on-hand, proceeds from the sale of stock and our Centinela property and the early loan prepayments by Prime, were principally used to fund our dividends of \$32.4 million, real estate acquisitions of \$74 million and our debt refinancing activities. In April 2010, we completed a public offering (the "Offering") of 26 million shares of common stock at \$9.75 per share. Including the underwriters' purchase of 3.9 million additional shares to cover over-allotments, net proceeds from this offering, after underwriters' discounts and commissions, approximated \$279 million. We used the net proceeds from the Offering to pay off our \$30 million term loan that was due in 2010 and repurchase 84% of the outstanding 6.125% exchangeable senior notes due 2011 at a price of 103% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (or \$123.2 million) pursuant to cash tender offer. In May 2010, we entered into a new \$450 million secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks, and the proceeds of which along with the Offering proceeds were used to repay in full all outstanding obligations under the old \$220 million credit facility.

Short-term Liquidity Requirements: At August 5, 2011, our availability under our amended revolving credit facility plus cash on-hand approximated \$430 million. We have only nominal principal payments due and no significant maturities in 2011— see five-year debt maturity schedule below. We believe that the liquidity available to us, along with our current monthly cash receipts from rent and loan interest, is sufficient to provide the resources necessary for operations, debt and interest obligations, our firm commitments (including capital expenditures, if any), dividends in order to comply with REIT requirements during 2011 and to fund our current investment strategies for the next twelve months. In addition, we have an at-the-market offering in place under which we may sell up to \$50 million in shares (of which \$10 million has been sold to-date) which may be used for general

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corporate purposes as needed.

Long-term Liquidity Requirements: With the proceeds from the notes offering and the availability from our amended credit facility discussed above along with our current monthly cash receipts from rent and loan interest and availability under our at-the-market offering, we believe we have the liquidity available to us to fund our operations, debt and interest obligations, dividends in order to comply with REIT requirements, firm commitments (including capital expenditures, if any) and investment strategies for the foreseeable future. As of June 30, 2011, adjusted for the tender offer on our 2008 exchangeable notes completed in July, principal payments due for our debt (which exclude the effects of any discounts recorded) are as follows (in thousands):

2011	\$ 9,285
2012	39,832
2013	12,749
2014	266
2015	283
Thereafter	588,400
Total	<u>\$650,815</u>

Distribution Policy

The table below is a summary of our distributions declared during the two year period ended June 30, 2011:

<u>Declaration Date</u>	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Date of Distribution</u>	<u>Distribution per Share</u>
May 19, 2011	June 16, 2011	July 14, 2011	\$ 0.20
February 17, 2011	March 17, 2011	April 14, 2011	\$ 0.20
November 11, 2010	December 9, 2010	January 6, 2011	\$ 0.20
August 19, 2010	September 14, 2010	October 14, 2010	\$ 0.20
May 20, 2010	June 17, 2010	July 15, 2010	\$ 0.20
February 18, 2010	March 18, 2010	April 14, 2010	\$ 0.20
November 19, 2009	December 17, 2009	January 14, 2010	\$ 0.20
August 20, 2009	September 17, 2009	October 15, 2009	\$ 0.20

We intend to pay to our stockholders, within the time periods prescribed by the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), all or substantially all of our annual taxable income, including taxable gains from the sale of real estate and recognized gains on the sale of securities. It is our policy to make sufficient cash distributions to stockholders in order for us to maintain our status as a REIT under the Code and to avoid corporate income and excise taxes on undistributed income. See Note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 to this Form 10-Q for any restrictions placed on dividends by our existing credit facility.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Our primary exposure to market risks relates to changes in interest rates and equity prices. In addition, the value of our facilities will be subject to fluctuations based on changes in local and regional economic conditions and changes in the ability of our tenants to generate profits, all of which may affect our ability to refinance our debt if necessary. The changes in the value of our facilities would be affected also by changes in “cap” rates, which is measured by the current annual base rent divided by the current market value of a facility.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

For fixed rate debt, interest rate changes affect the fair market value but do not impact net income to common stockholders or cash flows. Conversely, for floating rate debt, interest rate changes generally do not affect the fair market value but do impact net income to common stockholders and cash flows, assuming other factors are held constant. At June 30, 2011, our outstanding debt totaled \$718.3 million, which consisted of fixed-rate debt of \$678.7 million (including \$125.0 million of floating debt swapped to fixed) and variable rate debt of \$39.6 million.

If market interest rates increase by one-percentage point, the fair value of our fixed rate debt, after considering the effects of the interest rate swaps, would decrease by \$36.8 million. Changes in the fair value of our fixed rate debt will not have any impact on us unless we decided to repurchase the debt in the open markets.

If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt increase by 1%, the increase in annual interest expense on our variable rate debt would decrease future earnings and cash flows by \$0.4 million per year. If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt decrease by 1%, the decrease in interest expense on our variable rate debt would increase future earnings and cash flows by \$0.4 million per year. This assumes that the average amount outstanding under our variable rate debt for a year is \$39.6 million, the balance at June 30, 2011. We have the right to repay our floating rate debt at any time without penalty.

Share Price Sensitivity

During the second quarter of 2010, we funded a cash tender offer for 84% of the outstanding 6.125% exchangeable senior notes due 2011 at a price of 103% of the principal amount plus accrued interest and unpaid interest (or approximately \$123.2 million). At June 30, 2011, only \$9.2 million of these notes remain outstanding.

Our 2006 exchangeable notes were initially exchangeable into 60.3346 shares of our stock for each \$1,000 note. This equates to a conversion price of \$16.57 per share. This conversion price adjusts based on a formula which considers increases to our dividend subsequent to the issuance of the notes in November 2006. Our dividends declared since we sold the 2006 exchangeable notes have adjusted our conversion price to \$16.47 per share which equates to 60.7095 shares per \$1,000 note. Future changes to the conversion price will depend on our level of dividends which cannot be predicted at this time. Any adjustments for dividend increases until the notes are settled in 2011 will affect the price of the notes and the number of shares for which they will eventually be settled.

At the time we issued the 2006 exchangeable notes, we also entered into a capped call, or call spread, transaction. The effect of this transaction was to increase the conversion price from \$16.57 to \$18.94. As a result, our shareholders will not experience any dilution until our share price exceeds \$18.94. Based on the remainder of the notes still outstanding at June 30, 2011 and if our share price exceeds that price, the result would be that we would issue additional shares of common stock. Assuming a price of \$20 per share, we would be required to issue an additional 0.1 million shares. At \$25 per share, we would be required to issue an additional 0.2 million shares.

In July 2011, we funded a cash tender offer for 85% of the outstanding 9.25% exchangeable senior notes due 2013 at a price of 118.5% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (or approximately \$84.2 million). At August 5, 2011, only \$12.5 million of these notes remain outstanding.

Our 2008 exchangeable notes have a similar conversion adjustment feature which could affect its stated exchange ratio of 80.8898 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, equating to an exchange price of \$12.36 per common share. Our dividends declared since we sold the 2008 exchangeable notes have not adjusted our conversion price as of June 30, 2011. Future changes to the conversion price will depend on our level of dividends which cannot be predicted at this time. Any adjustments for dividend increases until the 2008 exchangeable notes are settled in 2013 will affect the price of the notes and the number of shares for which they may eventually be settled. Using the outstanding notes post the cash tender offer in July and, assuming a price of \$20 per share, we would be required to issue an additional 0.4 million shares. At \$25 per share, we would be required to issue an additional 0.5 million shares.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

We have adopted and maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and

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procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by Rule 13a-15(b), under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, we have carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the quarter covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file with the SEC.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

There have been no material changes to the Legal Proceedings as presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes to the Risk Factors as presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (a) None.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved).

Item 5. Other Information.

- (a) None.
- (b) None.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed as a part of this report:

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
4.1	Indenture, dated as of April 26, 2011, the Company, the Operating Partnership, MPT Finance, the Subsidiary Guarantors and Wilmington Trust Company, as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Medical Properties Trust, Inc. filed on May 2, 2011.)
4.2	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 26, 2011, the Company, the Operating Partnership, MPT Finance, the Subsidiary Guarantors and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as representative of the several initial purchasers (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Medical Properties Trust, Inc. filed on May 2, 2011.)
10.1	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 26, 2011, by and among the Company, the Operating Partnership, KeyBank National Association, as Syndication Agent, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent and the several lenders from time to time parties thereto (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Medical Properties Trust, Inc. filed on May 2, 2011.)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
99.1	Consolidated Financial Statements of Prime Healthcare Services, Inc. as of March 31, 2011. Since affiliates of Prime Healthcare Services, Inc. lease more than 20% of our total assets under triple net leases, the financial status of Prime may be considered relevant to investors. Prime's most recently available financial statements (unaudited, as of and for the period ended March 31, 2011) are attached as exhibit 99.1 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We have not participated in the preparation of Prime's financial statements nor do we have the right to dictate the form of any financial statements provided to us by Prime.
Exhibit 101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
Exhibit 101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
Exhibit 101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
Exhibit 101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
Exhibit 101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
Exhibit 101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES TRUST, INC.

By: /s/ R. Steven Hamner

R. Steven Hamner

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(On behalf of the Registrant and as the Registrant's
Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: August 9, 2011

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934**

I, Edward K. Aldag, Jr., certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Medical Properties Trust, Inc.
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2011

/s/ Edward K. Aldag, Jr.

Edward K. Aldag, Jr.
Chairman, President and Chief
Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934**

I, R. Steven Hamner, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Medical Properties Trust, Inc.
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2011

/s/ R. Steven Hamner

R. Steven Hamner
Executive Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(b) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 AND 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Medical Properties Trust, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, Edward K. Aldag, Jr. and R. Steven Hamner, certifies, pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2011

/s/ Edward K. Aldag, Jr.

Edward K. Aldag, Jr.
Chairman, President and Chief
Executive Officer

/s/ R. Steven Hamner

R. Steven Hamner
Executive Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer

Prime Health Services, Inc.
All Entities
Balance Sheet
As of 03/31/11

	PHSI Total
ASSETS:	
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 183,048,842
Accounts Receivable	\$1,012,375,600
Allowance for Bad Debt	(71,697,654)
Allowance for Contractuals & Oth Adj	(710,847,135)
Patient Accounts Receivable	\$ 229,830,812
Other Receivables	\$ 4,836,307
Inventories	6,041,534
Other Current Assets	3,275,981
Current Portion of Long-Term Notes Receivable	2,000,000
Current Portion of Related Party LT Notes Recv	0
Prepaid Insurance	53,276,015
Other Pre-Paid Expenses	5,396,277
Total Current Assets	\$ 487,705,769
Land and Improvements	\$ 42,715,973
Buildings and Improvements	119,566,946
Leaseholds	14,724,680
Equipment	180,892,577
Construction-In-Progress	7,849,602
Property and Equipment	\$ 365,749,777
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(104,551,855)
Net Property and Equipment	\$ 261,197,923
Investments in Property Plant & Equipment	\$ 26,820,981
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	0
Investments in Subsidiaries	0
Net Investments	\$ 26,820,981
Long-Term Notes Receivable	\$ 0
Related Party Long-Term Portion Notes Recv	123,246,505
Net Goodwill	13,707,802
Other Intangible Assets	10,714,326
Total Long-Term Assets	\$ 435,687,537
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 923,393,305
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 36,850,734
Notes Payable	5,701,350
Capital Leases	5,439,459
Accrued Payroll	22,365,629
Accrued PTO	27,533,564
Accrued Payroll Taxes	17,770,434
IBNR	5,971,814
Other Accrued Expenses	6,546,470
Third-Party Settlements	(16,339,293)
Lines of Credit & Other Short-Term Debt	1,914,639
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	0
Current Portion of Related Party Notes Payable	1,146,098
Other Liabilities	2,339,727
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 117,240,626
Mortgages and Long-Term Notes Payable	\$ 167,436,875
Related Party Notes Payable	\$ 122,100,407
Total Intercompany/Intracompany	\$ (24,452,799)
Deferred Credits	\$ 7,861,980
Deferred Taxes	0
Other Long-Term Liabilities	230,064,353
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 503,010,816
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 620,251,442
EQUITY:	
Common Stock	\$ 1,350,000
Additional Paid-in Capital	46,039,274
Other Equity	2,353,946
Retained Earnings PY	255,812,822
Distributions	(55,000,000)
Net Income	24,537,089
Non-controlling Interest	28,048,732
TOTAL EQUITY	\$ 303,141,863
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 923,393,305

PRIME HEALTHCARE SERVICES INC.
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT
YTD MAR 31st, 2011

	PHSI YTD Mar 2011
REVENUE	
NET PATIENT REVENUE	\$380,929,342
CAPITATION REVENUE	5,543,521
OTHER REVENUE	4,101,587
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	390,574,450
OPERATING EXPENSES	
COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	150,749,201
PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS	70,067,723
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE	33,373,397
SUPPLIES	37,500,096
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	27,621,187
DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION	8,329,440
MEDICAL CLAIMS	1,114,637
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	328,755,681
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	61,818,769
INTEREST	9,232,148
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	800
Income Before Allocation to Non-Controlling Interest	52,585,821
Allocation of Income to Non-Controlling Interest	(28,048,732)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	24,537,089

PRIME HEALTHCARE SERVICES
CONSOLIDATED HYPERION CASH FLOWS STATEMENT
YTD FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 03/31/11

	PHSI Total
<i>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</i>	
Controlling Interest in Net Income	\$ 24,537,089
<i>Adj to Reconcile Controlling Interest in Net Income to Net Cash:</i>	
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 8,329,440
Amortization of Loan Fees	167,922
Loss (Gain) on Sale of Assets	0
Loss from Joint Ventures	0
Provision for Doubtful Accounts	70,067,723
Non-Controlling Interest in Net Income	28,048,732
Changes in Assets & Liab Net of Acquisitions:	0
Patient Accounts Receivable	(88,468,087)
Supplies Inventory	(8,869)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	3,418,828
Due to/from Related Parties	(21,239,202)
Accounts Payable	(4,642,460)
Accrued Expenses	16,879,736
Medical Claims Payable	136,602
Deferred Rent	555,364
Estimated 3rd Party Payer Settlements	48,627,214
Accrued Professional Liability Reserve	0
Net Cash Provided by / (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 86,410,033
<i>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</i>	
Purchase of Property and Equipment	\$ (6,132,841)
Proceeds Received from Sale of Property and Equipment	0
Investments in Joint Venture	0
Cash Paid for Acquisitions, Net of Cash Acquired	0
Proceeds / (Advances) on Notes Receivable	0
Net Cash Provided by / (Used for) Investing Activities	\$ (6,132,841)
<i>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</i>	
Net Borrowings / (Pay Down) on Line of Credit	\$ (3,398,611)
Proceeds from / (Re-Payments of) Long-Term Debt Borrowing	70,000,000
Payments on Capital Lease Obligations	(309,501)
Loan Fees Paid in Connection with Financing of Debt	(503,766)
Distribution to Non-Controlling Interest	(55,000,000)
Distribution to Stockholder	14,823,886
Net Cash Provided by / (Used for) Financing Activities	\$ 25,612,008
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$105,889,200
Beginning Cash Balance	\$ 77,159,642
Ending Cash Balance	\$183,048,842
Check Figure	\$ 0

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING & FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Capital lease obligations incurred for the acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 773,786
Note payable obligation incurred for the acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 0